



## **Get Precise and Train Smart**

Clients need to know if their training habits are creating imbalances, which reduce efficiency and increase risk of injury long-term. Keep track of muscle and fat in different body segments to determine if clients are properly developed and balanced.

## Let coaches do what they do best

By measuring potential clients and having a conversation about the result sheet, coaches can easily and credibly discuss how they can help clients achieve their goals, through individualized fitness programs

### **Track Progress and Improve Retention**

Sticking to an exercise program can be difficult, and it's all too easy to quit. With precision measurements, you can show clients how they've progressed, and demonstrate how your program is effectively helping them build muscle and burn fat!

## It's not just Quantity, it's Quality

Working out shouldn't be just about looking good, it's about results. Muscle mass matters, but muscle quality is the true indicator of athletic performance. Evaluate if your clients are gaining strength, and be the first to notice if training needs to be adjusted.

Elevate your gym with practical application of advanced BIA Body Composition Analysis

# MA801 Professional Body Composition Analyzer

	Key Specifications						
	Bioelectrical Impedance Analysis (BIA)	25 Impedance Measurements: 5 frequencies (5kHz, 20kHz, 50kHz, 100kHz, 250kHz) for 5 segments (Right Arm, Left Arm, Trunk, Right Leg, Left Leg)					
	Electrodes	8-point Tactile Electrode Design					
	Display	1280 x 800 pixels, 10.1-inch color touchscreen LCD					
	Capacity / Graduation	Max Capacity 300kg (0.1kg graduation)					
	Applicable Age	6-85 years old					
	Output / Transmission	USB 2.0 x3, RS232 x1, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, RJ45 Ethernet					
	Data Storage	100,000 Measurements (data transfer available via USB, Bluetooth, or Wi-Fi)					
	Measurement Duration	Less than 50 seconds					
	Device Dimensions	875 (L) x 463 (W) x 1205 (H): mm 33.4 (L) x 18.2 (W) x 47.4 (H): inches					
	Device Weight	About 31kg (68lbs)					

Result Sheet Output						
Body Composition Analysis	Intracellular Water, Extracellular Water, Total Body Water, Protein, Mineral, Body Fat Mass, Soft Lean Mass, Fat-Free Mass, Weight					
Muscle-Weight Analysis	Weight, Skeletal Muscle Mass, Body Fat Mass					
Obesity Analysis	Body Mass Index, Percent Body Fat, Waist-Hip Ratio					
Abdominal Fat (L4-L5)	Visceral Fat, Subcutaneous Fat					
Total & Segmental Analysis	Lean Mass (Whole Body, Right Arm, Left Arm, Trunk, Right Leg, Left Leg) Fat Mass (Whole Body, Right Arm, Left Arm, Trunk, Right Leg, Left Leg)					
BIVA	Bioelectrical Impedance Vector Analysis					
Phase Angle	50kHz whole-body phase angle percentiles for adults					
Muscle Quality	Estimated grip strength (N, kg)					
Health Score	Combined evaluation of body composition results					
Percentage Body Fat Percentiles for Adults	Comparison of Percent Body Fat with comparable gender, age, ethnicity					
Edema Index	Extracellular Water/Total Body Water Ratio					
Research Information	Basal Metabolic Rate, Waist-Hip Ratio, Waist Circumference, Visceral Fat Area, Body Cell Mass, Right Arm Circumference, Left Arm Circumference, Arm Muscle Circumference, Total Body Water/Fat-Free Mass, Fat-Free Mass Index, Fat Mass Index, Skeletal Muscle Index					
Impedance	5kHz, 20kHz, 50kHz, 100kHz, 250 kHz					

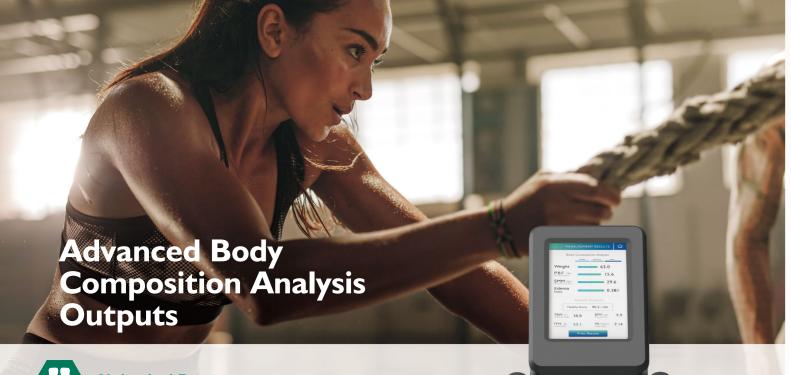


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## Abdominal Fat .....

The location and amount of Visceral Fat correlates with metabolic risk more than total body fat, and has been determined to be a more reliable method of identifying subjects at risk for cardiovascular diseases than current definitions of obesity.

\* Hamdy O et al. Metabolic Obesity: The Paradox Between Visceral and Subcutaneous Fat. Curr Diabetes Rev, 2006, 2, 367-73



## Segmental Analysis · · · · •

Muscle imbalance may increase the risk of injury and soreness. Track segmental muscle development and keep your clients safe.

\* Wang HK et al. Mobility impairment, muscle imbalance, muscle weakness, scapular asymmetry and shoulder injury in elite volleyball athletes. J Sports Med Phys Fitness 2001. Sep;41(3):403-10



## Phase Angle (Percentiles) .....

Measurement of quantity is of limited utility for evaluation of health. Through tracking of Phase Angle, an indicator strongly correlating with age and health, evaluation of subject's cellular status and corresponding context can be made.

- \* Gonzalez MC et al. Phase angle and its determinants in healthy subjects: influence of body composition. Am J Clin Nutr 2016;
- \* Marra M et al. Bioelectrical impedance phase angle in constitutionally lean females, ballet dancers, and patients with anorexia nervosa. ECJN 2009; 63, 905-908



### Muscle Quality .....

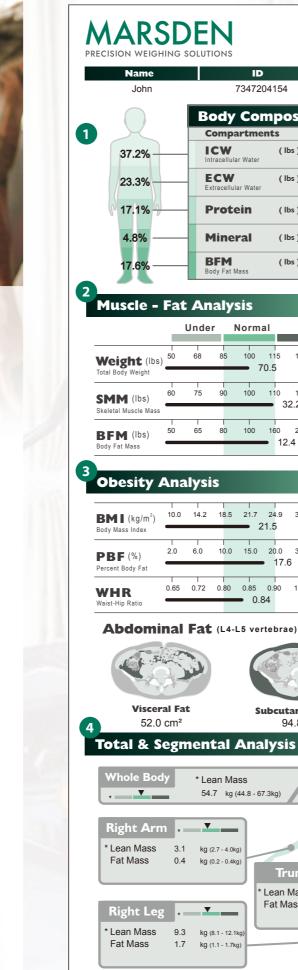
Through measurement of cellular quality, the MA801 can provide estimates of potential handgrip strength, used as a clinical marker for poor mobility, and a better predictor of sarcopenia than muscle mass.

Comparison between dynamometer and estimate places subject's strength level in context.

\* Cruz-Jentoft AJ et al. Sarcopenia: European consensus on definition and diagnosis. Age and Ageing 2010; 39:412-423



MARSDEZ



Phase Angle **Obesity Analysis** Whole-body phase angle (50 kHz) 6.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 33.3 46.7 60.0 0.65 0.72 0.80 0.85 0.90 1.00 1.10 1.20 Muscle Quality Abdominal Fat (L4-L5 vertebrae)

**Body Composition Analysis** 

(lbs)

(lbs)

**ECW** 

**Protein** 

Mineral

Under Normal

**BFM** 

26.2

16.4

12.1

3.4

12.4

BIVA

More soft tissues

More fluids



52.0 cm<sup>2</sup>

\* Lean Mass

\* represents the classification of Lean Mass

54.7 kg (44.8 - 67.3kg)

Subcutaneous Fat



12.4 kg (7.0 - 14.1kg)

Lean Mass 25.3 kg (20.6 - 30.9kg)

Fat Mass 6.9 kg (4.1 - 6.1kg)



Left Arm

Lean Mass 3.2 kg (2.7 - 4.0kg)

Fat Mass 0.4 kg (0.2 - 0.4kg)

Lean Mass 9.4 kg (8.1 - 12.1kg

Fat Mass

\_\_\_\_

1.8 kg (1.1 - 1.7kg

181 0 cm

54.7

**Bioelectric Impedance Vector Analysis** 

FFM

58.1

Less fluids

70.5

Health Score

motivation of the subject.

9 Edema Index

16.4 L

Research Information

Basal Metabolic Rate

Waist-Hip Ratio

**ECW** 

Percentage body fat

percentiles for adults

72.4/100 Points

The healthy score is an arbitrary score based on

the measured lean mass index, fat mass index,

skeletal muscle index, and phase angle for the



Age (years)



Phase Angle

357 ~ 436 N 36 ~ 44 kaf

Waist circumference 78.0 cm Visceral Fat Area 52.0 cm<sup>2</sup> Body Cell Mass 37.7 kg Right Arm Circumference 27.8 cm Left Arm Circumference 28.7 cm Arm Muscle Circumference 25.4 cm TBW / FFM Fat-free Mass Index 17.7 kg/m² Fat Mass Index 3.8 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

0.84

9.8 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

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25.0 ~ 30.5

15.3 ~ 18.7

8.0 ~ 11.4

 $2.3 \sim 3.9$ 

7.0 ~ 14.1

# Impedance

Skeletal Muscle Index

	RA	LA	TR	RL	LL	
5kHz						
0kHz	339.4	331.8	22.1	253.3	252.9	
0kHz						
0kHz						
ULLIA	205.0	220.6	122	220.2	227.4	

# **Introduction to the Body Composition Result Sheet**

# 1 Body Composition Analysis

Reliable, non-invasive Bioelectrical Impedance Analysis makes it easier to conduct regular monitoring of Body Composition. The calculated estimated weights of the body's compositional elements can be compared with standard results for context.

# 2 Muscle-Fat Analysis

Measurement of weight is important, but incomplete without further analyzing the amount of muscle and fat in a subject. Understanding skeletal muscle and body fat proportions can help professional trainers formulate muscle and fat control recommendations.

# **3** Obesity Analysis

Different body fat indicators provide valuable information needed for a more useful evaluation of health. Percent Body Fat is a general indicator, while Waist-Hip Ratio and Visceral Fat are used as critical cut-off points for risk of obesity-related diseases which may not be immediately visible from the outside.

# 4 Total & Segmental Analysis

Measure muscle and fat more precisely with segmental analysis of the trunk, upper body, and lower body. Identify imbalances, and determine if the subject's muscle is within normal range, tracking changes to better observe the effects of training.

## 5 BIVA

Bioelectrical Vector Impedance Analysis (BIVA) uses direct measurements of reactance and resistance, allowing it to provide reliable comparisons and evaluations of cellular hydration and nutritional status - even for individuals with abnormal hydration - making it easier for healthcare practitioners to evaluate a patient's status.

# 6 Phase Angle

Phase angle decreases with illness and old age, making it an important indicator of health, and an absolute necessity for a professional body composition evaluation. Compare subject's phase angle with their respective gender and age, placing results into context.

# **Muscle Quality**

Estimation of Grip Strength provides a valuable muscle quality indicator that can point to changes more quickly and noticeably than a simple measurement and tracking of muscle mass.

# 8 Body Fat Percentiles

Compare subject's body fat percentages with similar population, placing results in context of age, gender, and ethnicity.

# 9 Edema Index

Identify abnormalities in intracellular/extracellular fluid proportion, using the edema index as an indicator and warning sign for diseases affecting body fluid balance, including impaired heart and kidney function.

# 10 Research Information

The MA801 provides a wide variety of body composition output parameters of particular relevance for research, and includes various indexes used as early warning signs for malnutrition, obesity, and sarcopenia.

